	The M	ead Infant and Nursery School – Geog	graphy		
IN	KS1	United Kingdom Knowledge Organiser – Ye	ear 1	(AT)	
What should I already know	w?	Key Questions		New Vocabulary	
• I go to the Mead Infant	and Nursery School.	What is it?	capital city	The city where the government in	
The Mead Infant and Nursery School is in		Where is it?		charge of a country sits.	
Stoneleigh.		57	city	A large or important town.	
What will I know by the end of Year 1?		- Provide St	climate	The usual weather.	
• Stoneleigh is a suburb of London.		1	compass	An instrument that shows the	
• London is the capital ci	ty of England.	7 4 5 3 5 5		direction of north.	
• England is a country .			country	An area of land that is controlled	
• There are four countrie	es in the United Kingdom	UNITED KINGDOM		by its own government.	
(UK) and each of these	countries has a capital:	IRELAND	island	A piece of land completely	
Country	Capital City	Marine "		surrounded by water.	
England	London	2012	physical	Natural features of the Earth	
Scotland	Edinburgh	THE REAL PRIME	geography	including climate.	
Wales	Cardiff		sea	A large area of salt water.	
Northern Ireland	Belfast	STER FILES	suburb	An area near the edge of a city.	
• London is the capital city of the UK.			town	An area containing lots of buildings	
• The UK is officially know	wn as the United Kingdom	ALL MELAND CALLER THE ALL AND CALLER AND CAL		and people.	
of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.			human	How features of the land affect	
• Great Britain is an island consisting of England,		A-manuer -	geography	human activity and how human	
Scotland and Wales.		This is a royality free image that can be used for your personal, corporate to education		activity affects the land.	
• Great Britain is surrounded by seas :		projects. It can not be resold or freely distributed, if you need an exitable PowerPoint or Actobe Number version of this map please visit www.liptenigr.com or	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork		
 Irish Sea; 		www.mapsfordesign.com. This text can be oropped off. @ Copyright Bruce Jones Design 2009	Use world maps, atlases and globes to find the UK and		
 North Sea; 			its countries.		
 English Channel; and 		and the second s			
 Atlantic Ocean 			Describe the position of the UK and its countries using		
• As well as Great Britain, the UK includes many			simple compass directions (north, south, east and		
smaller islands and Northern Ireland, which is part		and the second sec		ional and directional language (e.g.	
of the island of Ireland.			near and far).		
• The Republic of Ireland	is not part of the UK.				

				ead Infant and Nursery School –		• • •		
A.M.			KS1	United Kingdom Knowledge Organise	r – Y	ear 2	T. K.	
What shoul	d I already kno	w?		Key Questions		New Vocabulary		
I go to the Mead Infant and Nursery School.The Mead Infant and Nursery School is in Stoneleigh.			What is it like?		climate	The usual weather.		
 Stoneleigh is a suburb of London, which is the capital city of England and the UK. I can name the four countries and capital cities of the 			What would it be like to live there?		flag	A symbol of a particular country, often used on cloth attached to a pole.		
 I can name the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas. I can find them on a map or globe. 						hill	A raised area of land, not as high as a mountain.	
What will I know by the end of Year 2? The four countries in the United Kingdom (UK) have different geographical characteristics:						human	How features of the Earth affect human	
Country	Capital City	Flag	National	Physical Geographical Features		geography	activity and how human activity affects the Earth.	
			Flower			lake	A large area of water surrounded by land.	
England	London	+	rose	Mostly low hills and plains with mountains in the north and west. Warmer and sunnier than the rest of the UK.	ne	mountain	A raised area of land, taller and steeper than a hill.	
Scotland	Edinburgh	\times	thistle	Contains most of the mountains of the UK including the highest mountain, Ben Nevis. Large lakes known as Lochs.		physical geography plain	Natural features of the Earth's surface including climate. A flat area of land.	
			Colder than the rest of the UK, with more snow.	•	G	eographical Skills and Fieldwork		
Wales	Cardiff	No.	daffodil	Mostly hills and mountains . Coal mining important in the past. Climate is mild, cloudy, wet and windy.		Use world maps, atlases and globes to find the UK and its countries. Describe the position of the UK, its countries and key features of its countries using simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational and directional language (e.g. near and far). Compare key geographical features of the four countries of the UK, saying how they are similar and different.		
Northern Ireland	Belfast	$\dot{\times}$	shamrock	Shaped like a saucer with central plains around large lake , Lough Neagh, surrounded by a ring o mountains . Climate is mild, cloudy, wet and windy.				